

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1356**

DIGEST OF HB 1356 (Updated February 5, 2002 5:31 PM - DI 44)

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1; IC 6-2.5; IC 6-3; IC 6-8.1; IC 21-2; IC 36-7; noncode.

Synopsis: Various tax matters. Specifies circumstances under which a sales tax return does not need to be filed each month. Updates references in law to the Internal Revenue Code to refer to the version of the Internal Revenue Code as amended through January 1, 2002. Permits the board of trustees of the South Bend Community Schools to adopt a resolution returning to a calendar year budget cycle. Provides that the resolution may be rescinded. Updates population parameters to reflect changes in the 2000 decennial census. Creates a centralized debt collection program for state agencies in the department of revenue. Increases the total amount of sales tax increment financing distributions that an economic development district in the city of South Bend may receive to \$1,000,000 per year and expands the purposes for which the money received by the district may be used to include expenses related to the acquisition of a commercial retail facility or demolition of commercial property. Permits a taxpayer under certain circumstances to amend a 2001 personal property tax return before January 1, 2003.

Effective: January 1, 2001 (retroactive); January 1, 2002 (retroactive); April 1, 2002 (retroactive); upon passage; January 1, 2003.

# Bauer

(SENATE SPONSORS — MEEKS R, BRODEN)

January 15, 2002, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means. January 29, 2002, amended, reported — Do Pass.
February 4, 2002, read second time, ordered engrossed.
February 5, 2002, engrossed. Read third time, recommitted to Committee of One, amended; passed. Yeas 94, nays 0.











Second Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2002)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2001 General Assembly.

# **HOUSE BILL No. 1356**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation and to make an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-17-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2001
SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The officers of political subdivisions
shall meet each year to fix the budget, tax rate, and tax levy of their
respective subdivisions for the ensuing budget year as follows:

- (1) The fiscal body of a consolidated city and county, not later than the last meeting of the fiscal body in September.
- (2) The fiscal body of a second class city, not later than September 30.
- (3) The board of school trustees of a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000), one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000), not later than:
  - (A) the time required in section 5.6 (b) of this chapter; or
  - (B) September 20 if a resolution adopted under section

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1	5.6(d) of this chapter is in effect.
2	(4) The proper officers of all other political subdivisions, not later
3	than September 20.
4	Except in a consolidated city and county and in a second class city, the
5	public hearing required by section 3 of this chapter must be completed
6	at least ten (10) days before the proper officers of the political
7	subdivision meet to fix the budget, tax rate, and tax levy. In a
8	consolidated city and county and in a second class city, that public
9	hearing, by any committee or by the entire fiscal body, may be held at
10	any time after introduction of the budget.
11	(b) Ten (10) or more taxpayers may object to a budget, tax rate, or
12	tax levy of a political subdivision fixed under subsection (a) by filing
13	an objection petition with the proper officers of the political
14	subdivision not more than seven (7) days after the hearing. The
15	objection petition must specifically identify the provisions of the
16	budget, tax rate, and tax levy to which the taxpayers object.
17	(c) If a petition is filed under subsection (b), the fiscal body of the
18	political subdivision shall adopt with its budget a finding concerning
19	the objections in the petition and any testimony presented at the
20	adoption hearing.
21	(d) This subsection does not apply to a school corporation. Each
22	year at least two (2) days before the first meeting of the county board
23	of tax adjustment held under IC 6-1.1-29-4, a political subdivision shall
24	file with the county auditor:
25	(1) a statement of the tax rate and levy fixed by the political
26	subdivision for the ensuing budget year;
27	(2) two (2) copies of the budget adopted by the political
28	subdivision for the ensuing budget year; and
29	(3) two (2) copies of any findings adopted under subsection (c).
30	Each year the county auditor shall present these items to the county
31	board of tax adjustment at the board's first meeting.
32	(e) In a consolidated city and county and in a second class city, the
33	clerk of the fiscal body shall, notwithstanding subsection (d), file the
34	adopted budget and tax ordinances with the county board of tax
35	adjustment within two (2) days after the ordinances are signed by the
36	executive, or within two (2) days after action is taken by the fiscal body
37	to override a veto of the ordinances, whichever is later.
38	SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-17-5.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.178-2001,
39	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.6. (a) This section applies only to a school

corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand

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<del>(110,000).</del> one hundred five thousand (105,00	0) but less than one
hundred twenty thousand (120,000).	

- (b) Before February 1 of each year, the officers of the school corporation shall meet to fix the budget for the school corporation for the ensuing budget year, with notice given by the same officers. However, if a resolution adopted under subsection (d) is in effect, the officers shall meet to fix the budget for the ensuing budget year before September 20.
- (c) Each year, at least two (2) days before the first meeting of the county board of tax adjustment held under IC 6-1.1-29-4, the school corporation shall file with the county auditor:
  - (1) a statement of the tax rate and tax levy fixed by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year;
  - (2) two (2) copies of the budget adopted by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year; and
  - (3) any written notification from the state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance under section 16(i) of this chapter that specifies a proposed revision, reduction, or increase in the budget adopted by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year.

Each year the county auditor shall present these items to the county board of tax adjustment at the board's first meeting.

- (d) The governing body of the school corporation may adopt a resolution to cease using a school year budget year and return to using a calendar year budget year. A resolution adopted under this subsection must be adopted after January 1 and before July 1. The school corporation's initial calendar year budget year following the adoption of a resolution under this subsection begins on January 1 of the year following the year the resolution is adopted. The first six (6) months of the initial calendar year budget for the school corporation must be consistent with the last six (6) months of the final school year budget fixed by the department of local government finance before the adoption of a resolution under this subsection.
- (e) A resolution adopted under subsection (d) may be rescinded by a subsequent resolution adopted by the governing body. If the governing body of the school corporation rescinds a resolution adopted under subsection (d) and returns to a school year budget year, the school corporation's initial school year budget year begins on July 1 following the adoption of the rescinding resolution and ends on June 30 of the following year. The first six (6) months of the initial school year budget for the school corporation must be

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consistent with the last six (6) months of the last calendar year budget fixed by the department of local government finance before the adoption of a rescinding resolution under this subsection.

SECTION 3. IC 6-2.5-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2001, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2002 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 1. (a) Each person liable for collecting the state gross retail or use tax shall file a return for each calendar month and pay the state gross retail and use taxes that the person collects during that month. A person shall file the person's return for a particular month with the department and make the person's tax payment for that month to the department not more than thirty (30) days after the end of that month, if that person's average monthly liability for collections of state gross retail and use taxes under this section as determined by the department for the preceding calendar year did not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000). If a person's average monthly liability for collections of state gross retail and use taxes under this section as determined by the department for the preceding calendar year exceeded one thousand dollars (\$1,000), that person shall file the person's return for a particular month and make the person's tax payment for that month to the department not more than twenty (20) days after the end of that month.

- (b) If a person files a combined sales and withholding tax report and either this section or IC 6-3-4-8.1 requires sales or withholding tax reports to be filed and remittances to be made within twenty (20) days after the end of each month, then the person shall file the combined report and remit the sales and withholding taxes due within twenty (20) days after the end of each month.
- (c) Instead of the twelve (12) monthly reporting periods required by subsection (a), the department may permit a person to divide a year into a different number of reporting periods. The return and payment for each reporting period is due not more than twenty (20) days after the end of the period.
- (d) Instead of the reporting periods required under subsection (a), the department may permit a retail merchant to report and pay the merchant's state gross retail and use taxes for a period covering:
  - (1) a calendar year, if the retail merchant's average monthly state gross retail and use tax liability in the previous calendar year does not exceed ten dollars (\$10); or
  - (2) a calendar half year, if the retail merchant's average monthly state gross retail and use tax liability in the previous calendar year does not exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25); or
  - (3) a calendar quarter, if the retail merchant's average



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1	monthly state gross retail and use tax liability in the previous
2	calendar year does not exceed seventy-five dollars (\$75).
3	A retail merchant using a reporting period allowed under this
4	subsection must file the merchant's return and pay the merchant's tax
5	for a reporting period not later than the last day of the month
6	immediately following the close of that reporting period.
7	(d) (e) If a retail merchant reports the merchant's gross income tax,
8	or the tax the merchant pays in place of the gross income tax, over a
9	fiscal year or fiscal quarter not corresponding to the calendar year or
10	calendar quarter, the merchant may, without prior departmental
11	approval, report and pay the merchant's state gross retail and use taxes
12	over the merchant's fiscal period that corresponds to the calendar
13	period the merchant is permitted to use under subsection (c). (d).
14	However, the department may, at any time, require the retail merchant
15	to stop using the fiscal reporting period.
16	(e) (f) If a retail merchant files a combined sales and withholding
17	tax report, the reporting period for the combined report is the shortest
18	period required under:
19	(1) this section;
20	(2) IC 6-3-4-8; or
21	(3) IC 6-3-4-8.1.
22	(f) (g) If the department determines that a person's:
23	(1) estimated monthly gross retail and use tax liability for the
24	current year; or
25	(2) average monthly gross retail and use tax liability for the
26	preceding year;
27	exceeds ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), the person shall pay the
28	monthly gross retail and use taxes due by electronic fund transfer (as
29	defined in IC 4-8.1-2-7) or by delivering in person or by overnight
30	courier a payment by cashier's check, certified check, or money order
31	to the department. The transfer or payment shall be made on or before
32	the date the tax is due.
33	(h) If a person's gross retail and use tax payment is made by
34	electronic fund transfer, the taxpayer in not required to file a
35	monthly gross retail and use tax return. However, the person shall
36	file a quarterly gross retail and use tax return before the twentieth
37	day after the end of each calendar quarter.
38	SECTION 4. IC 6-3-1-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.9-2001,
39	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
40	JANUARY 1, 2002 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 11. (a) The term "Internal

Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 of the United States as amended and in effect on January 1, 2001. 2002.



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1	(b) Whenever the Internal Revenue Code is mentioned in this
2	article, the particular provisions that are referred to, together with all
3	the other provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in effect on January
4	1, <del>2001,</del> <b>2002,</b> that pertain to the provisions specifically mentioned,
5	shall be regarded as incorporated in this article by reference and have
6	the same force and effect as though fully set forth in this article. To the
7	extent the provisions apply to this article, regulations adopted under
8	Section 7805(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and in effect on January
9	1, 2001, 2002, shall be regarded as rules adopted by the department
10	under this article, unless the department adopts specific rules that
11	supersede the regulation.
12	(c) An amendment to the Internal Revenue Code made by an act
13	passed by Congress before January 1, <del>2001,</del> <b>2002</b> , that is effective for
14	any taxable year that began before January 1, 2001, 2002, and that
15	affects:
16	(1) individual adjusted gross income (as defined in Section 62 of
17	the Internal Revenue Code);
18	(2) corporate taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the

- (2) corporate taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code):
- (3) trust and estate taxable income (as defined in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code);
- (4) life insurance company taxable income (as defined in Section 801(b) of the Internal Revenue Code);
- (5) mutual insurance company taxable income (as defined in Section 821(b) of the Internal Revenue Code); or
- (6) taxable income (as defined in Section 832 of the Internal Revenue Code);

is also effective for that same taxable year for purposes of determining adjusted gross income under IC 6-3-1-3.5 and net income under IC 6-3-8-2(b).

SECTION 5. IC 6-8.1-9-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14. (a) The department shall establish, administer, and make available a centralized debt collection program for use by state agencies to collect delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness owed to or being collected by state agencies. The department's collection facilities shall be available for use by other state agencies only when resources are available to the department.

(b) The commissioner shall prescribe the appropriate form and manner in which collection information is to be submitted to the department.

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- 7 (c) The debt must be delinquent and not subject to litigation, claim, appeal, or review pursuant to the appropriate remedies of a state agency. (d) The department has the authority to collect for the state or claimant agency (as defined in IC 6-8.1-9.5-1) delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness due the state or claimant agency that has a formal agreement with the department for central debt collection. (e) The formal agreement shall provide that the information provided to the department be sufficient to establish the obligation in court and to render the agreement as a legal judgment on behalf of the state. After transferring a file for collection to the department for collection, the claimant agency shall terminate all collection procedures and be available to provide assistance to the department. Upon receipt of a file for collection, the department shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws governing collection of the debt.
  - (f) The department may use a claimant agency's statutory authority to collect the claimant agency's delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness owed to the claimant agency.
  - (g) The department's right to credit against taxes due shall not be impaired by any right granted the department or other state agency under this section.
  - (h) The department of revenue may charge the claimant agency a fee not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of any funds the department collects for a claimant agency. Notwithstanding any law concerning delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness, the fifteen percent (15%) fee shall be added to the amount due to the state or claimant agency when the collection is made.
  - (i) Fees collected under subsection (h) shall be retained by the department after the debt is collected for the claimant agency and are appropriated to the department for use by the department in administering this section.
  - (j) The department shall transfer any funds collected from a debtor to the claimant agency within thirty (30) days after the end of the month in which the funds were collected.
  - (k) When a claimant agency requests collection by the department, the claimant agency shall provide the department with:
    - (1) the full name;



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1	(2) the Social Security number or federal identification
2	number, or both;
3	(3) the last known mailing address; and
4	(4) additional information that the department may request;
5	concerning the debtor.
6	(l) The department shall establish a minimum amount that the
7	department will attempt to collect for the claimant agency.
8	(m) The commissioner shall report, not later than March 1 for
9	the previous calendar year, to the governor, the budget director,
10	and the legislative council concerning the implementation of the
11	centralized debt collection program, the number of debts, the
12	dollar amounts of debts collected, and an estimate of the future
13	costs and benefits that may be associated with the collection
14	program.
15	SECTION 6. IC 21-2-11.5-3.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2001,
16	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.1. (a) This subsection does not apply to a
18	school corporation located in a city having a population of more than
19	ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand
20	(110,000): one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one
21	hundred twenty thousand (120,000), unless a resolution adopted
22	under IC 6-1.1-17-5.6(d) by the governing body of the school
23	<b>corporation is in effect.</b> Before a governing body may collect property
24	taxes for the school bus replacement fund in a particular calendar year,
25	the governing body must, after January 1 and not later than September
26	20 of the immediately preceding year:
27	(1) conduct a public hearing on; and
28	(2) pass a resolution to adopt;
29	a plan under this section.
30	(b) This subsection applies only to a school corporation located in
31	a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but
32	less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). one hundred five
33	thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand
34	(120,000). However, this subsection does not apply to the school
35	corporation if a resolution adopted under IC 6-1.1-17-5.6(d) by the
36	governing body of the school corporation is in effect. Before the
37	governing body of the school corporation may collect property taxes for
38	the school transportation fund's school bus replacement account in a

(1) conduct a public hearing on; and

particular calendar year, the governing body must, after January 1 and

on or before February 1 of the immediately preceding year:

(2) pass a resolution to adopt;





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1	a plan under this section.		
2	(c) The state board of tax commissioners department of local		
3	government finance shall prescribe the format of the plan. A plan		
4	must apply to at least the ten (10) budget years immediately following		
5	the year the plan is adopted. A plan must at least include the following:		
6	(1) An estimate for each year to which it applies of the nature and		
7	amount of proposed expenditures from the transportation fund's		
8	school bus replacement fund.		
9	(2) A presumption that the minimum useful life of a school bus is		
10	not less than ten (10) years.		
11	(3) An identification of:		
12	(A) the source of all revenue to be dedicated to the proposed		
13	expenditures in the upcoming budget year; and		
14	(B) the amount of property taxes to be collected in that year		
15	and the unexpended balance to be retained in the fund for		
16	expenditures proposed for a later year.		
17	(4) If the school corporation is seeking to:		
18	(A) acquire; or		
19	(B) contract for transportation services that will provide;		
20	additional school buses or school buses with a larger seating		
21	capacity as compared to the number and type of school buses		
22	from the prior school year, evidence of a demand for increased		
23	transportation services within the school corporation. Clause (B)		
24	does not apply if contracted transportation services are not paid		
25	from the school bus replacement fund.		
26	(5) If the school corporation is seeking to:		
27	(A) replace an existing school bus earlier than ten (10) years		
28	after the existing school bus was originally acquired; or		
29	(B) require a contractor to replace a school bus;		
30	evidence that the need exists for the replacement of the school		
31	bus. Clause (B) does not apply if contracted transportation		
32	services are not paid from the school bus replacement fund.		
33	(6) Evidence that the school corporation that seeks to acquire		
34	additional school buses under this section is acquiring or		
35	contracting for the school buses only for the purposes specified in		
36	subdivision (4) or for replacement purposes.		
37	(d) After reviewing the plan, the state board of tax commissioners		
38	department of local government finance shall certify its approval,		
39	disapproval, or modification of the plan to the governing body and the		
40	auditor of the county. The state board of tax commissioners		
41	department of local government finance may seek the		
42	recommendation of the school property tax control board with respect		



to this determination. The action of the state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance with respect to the plan is final.

- (e) The state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance may approve appropriations from the transportation fund's school bus replacement fund only if the appropriations conform to a plan that has been adopted in compliance with this section.
- (f) A governing body may amend a plan adopted under this section. When an amendment to a plan is required, the governing body must declare the nature of and the need for the amendment and must show cause as to why the original plan no longer meets the transportation needs of the school corporation. The governing body must then conduct a public hearing on and pass a resolution to adopt the amendment to the plan. The plan, as proposed to be amended, must comply with the requirements for a plan under subsection (c). This amendment to the plan is not subject to the deadlines for adoption described in subsection (a) or (b). However, the amendment to the plan must be submitted to the state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance for its consideration and is subject to approval, disapproval, or modification in accordance with the procedures for adopting a plan set forth in this section.
- (g) If a public hearing is scheduled under this section, the governing body shall publish a notice of the public hearing and the proposed plan or amendment to the plan in accordance with IC 5-3-1-2(b).

SECTION 7. IC 21-2-15-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2001, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not apply to a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000), unless a resolution adopted under IC 6-1.1-17-5.6(d) by the governing body of the school corporation is in effect. Before a governing body may collect property taxes for a capital projects fund in a particular year, the governing body must, after January 1 and not later than September 20 of the immediately preceding year, hold a public hearing on a proposed plan and then pass a resolution to adopt a plan.

(b) This subsection applies only to a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty

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thousand (120,000). However, this subsection does not apply to the school corporation if a resolution adopted under IC 6-1.1-17-5.6(d)
by the governing body of the school corporation is in effect. Before
the governing body of the school corporation may collect property taxes for a capital projects fund in a particular year, the governing body
must, after January 1 and on or before February 1 of the immediately
preceding year, hold a public hearing on a proposed plan and then pass
a resolution to adopt a plan.
(c) The state board of tax commissioners department of local
government finance shall prescribe the format of the plan. A plan
must apply to at least the three (3) years immediately following the year
the plan is adopted. A plan must estimate for each year to which it
applies the nature and amount of proposed expenditures from the
capital projects fund. A plan must estimate:
(1) the source of all revenue to be dedicated to the proposed
expenditures in the upcoming calendar year; and
(2) the amount of property taxes to be collected in that year and

- (2) the amount of property taxes to be collected in that year and retained in the fund for expenditures proposed for a later year.
- (d) If a hearing is scheduled under subsection (a) or (b), the governing body shall publish the proposed plan and a notice of the hearing in accordance with IC 5-3-1-2(b).

SECTION 8. IC 36-7-26-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001, SECTION 200, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2002 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies to the following:

- (1) A city having a population of more than seventy-five thousand (75,000) but less than ninety thousand (90,000).
- (2) A city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000).
- (3) A city having a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand (150,000) but less than five hundred thousand (500,000).
- (4) A city having a population of more than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) but less than one hundred fifty thousand (150,000).

SECTION 9. IC 36-7-26-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001, SECTION 202, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2002 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 23. (a) Before the first business day in October of each year, the board shall require the department to calculate the net increment for the preceding state

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1	fiscal year. The department shall transmit to the board a statement as
2	to the net increment in sufficient time to permit the board to review the
3	calculation and permit the transfers required by this section to be made
4	on a timely basis.
5	(b) There is established a sales tax increment financing fund to be
6	administered by the treasurer of state. The fund is comprised of two (2)
7	accounts called the net increment account and the credit account.
8	(c) On the first business day in October of each year, that portion of
9	the net increment calculated under subsection (a) that is needed:
10	(1) to pay debt service on the bonds issued under section 24 of
11	this chapter or to pay lease rentals under section 24 of this
12	chapter; and
13	(2) to establish and maintain a debt service reserve established by
14	the commission or by a lessor that provides local public
15	improvements to the commission;
16	shall be transferred to and deposited in the fund and credited to the net
17	increment account. Money credited to the net increment account is
18	pledged to the purposes described in subdivisions (1) and (2), subject
19	to the other provisions of this chapter.
20	(d) On the first business day of October in each year, the remainder
21	of:
22	(1) eighty percent (80%) of the gross increment; minus
23	(2) the amount credited to the net increment account on the same
24	date;
25	shall be transferred and credited to the credit account.
26	(e) The remainder of:
27	(1) the gross increment; minus
28	(2) the amounts credited to the net increment account and the
29	credit account;
30	shall be deposited by the auditor of state as other gross retail and use
31	taxes are deposited.
32	(f) A city described in section 1(2), 1(3), or 1(4) of this chapter may
33	receive not more than fifty percent (50%) of the net increment each
34	year. During the time a district exists in a city described in section $\frac{1}{2}$ ,
35	1(3) or 1(4) of this chapter, not more than a total of one million dollars
36	(\$1,000,000) of net increment may be paid to the city described in
37	section $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1(3) or 1(4) of this chapter. <b>During each year that a</b>
38	district exists in a city described in section 1(2) of this chapter, not
39	more than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of net increment may be
40	paid to the city described in section 1(2) of this chapter.
41	(g) The auditor of state shall disburse all money in the fund that is

credited to the net increment account to the commission in equal



semiannual installments on November 30 and May 31 of each year.

SECTION 10. IC 36-7-26-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2001, SECTION 9, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001, SECTION 203, IS AMENDED AND CORRECTED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2002 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 24. (a) The commission may issue bonds, payable in whole or in part, from money distributed from the fund to the commission, to finance a local public improvement under IC 36-7-14-25.1 or may make lease rental payments for a local public improvement under IC 36-7-14-25.2 and IC 36-7-14-25.3. The term of any bonds issued under this section may not exceed twenty (20) years, nor may the term of any lease agreement entered into under this section exceed twenty (20) years. The commission shall transmit to the board a transcript of the proceedings with respect to the issuance of the bonds or the execution and delivery of a lease agreement as contemplated by this section. The transcript must include a debt service or lease rental schedule setting forth all payments required in connection with the bonds or the lease rentals.

- (b) On January 15 of each year, the commission shall remit to the treasurer of state the money disbursed from the fund that is credited to the net increment account that exceeds the amount needed to pay debt service or lease rentals and to establish and maintain a debt service reserve under this chapter in the prior year and before May 31 of that year. Amounts remitted under this subsection shall be deposited by the auditor of state as other gross retail and use taxes are deposited.
- (c) The commission in a city described in section 1(2) of this chapter may *only* distribute money from the fund *only* for **the following:** 
  - (1) Road, interchange, and right-of-way improvements. and for
  - **(2)** Acquisition costs of a commercial retail facility and for real property acquisition costs in furtherance of the road, interchange, and right-of-way improvements.
  - (3) Demolition of commercial property and any related expenses incurred before or after the demolition of the commercial property.
  - (4) For physical improvements or alterations of property that enhance the commercial viability of the district.
- (d) The commission in a city described in section 1(3) of this chapter may distribute money from the fund only for the following purposes:
  - (1) For road, interchange, and right-of-way improvements and for real property acquisition costs in furtherance of the road, interchange, and right-of-way improvements.

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1	(2) For the demolition of commercial property and any related
2	expenses incurred before or after the demolition of the
3	commercial property.
4	(e) The commission in a city described in section 1(4) of this
5	chapter may distribute money from the fund only for the following
6	purposes:
7	(1) For:
8	(A) the acquisition, demolition, and renovation of property;
9	and
0	(B) site preparation and financing;
.1	related to the development of housing in the district.
2	(2) For physical improvements or alterations of property that
.3	enhance the commercial viability of the district.
4	SECTION 11. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2001
.5	(RETROACTIVE)] (a) This SECTION applies notwithstanding:
.6	(1) IC 6-1.1-3-7.5;
7	(2) IC 6-1.1-10-31.1;
8	(3) IC 6-1.1-11;
9	(4) 50 IAC 4.2-12-1;
20	(5) 50 IAC 16-3-2; and
21	(6) 50 IAC 16-4-1.
22	(b) For purposes of this SECTION, "taxpayer" means a
23	taxpayer that filed a personal property tax return under IC 6-1.1-3
24	for the March 1, 2001, assessment date:
25	(1) in a township having a population of more than
26	ninety-three thousand (93,000) but less than one hundred ten
27	thousand (110,000) located in a county containing a
28	consolidated city; and
29	(2) on which the taxpayer reported a total assessed value of
30	personal property of more than fifty-five million dollars
31	(\$55,000,000) and less than fifty-six million dollars
32	(\$56,000,000).
33	(c) A taxpayer may before January 1, 2003, file an amended
34	personal property tax return for the March 1, 2001, assessment
35	date.
86	(d) With respect to an amended personal property tax return
37	filed under subsection (c), a taxpayer is entitled to an exemption of
88	tangible personal property under IC 6-1.1-10-29, IC 6-1.1-10-29.3,
39	and IC 6-1.1-10-30 based on:
10	(1) the total cost of inventory reported on Schedule B of the
1	Form 103 filed as part of the amended personal property tax



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return; and

1	(2) the ratio reported on the Form 103W filed as a part of the		
2	taxpayer's return referred to in subsection (b).		
3	(e) A taxpayer shall pay taxes first due and payable in 2002		
4	based on the assessed value of personal property reported in the		
5	amended personal property tax return filed under subsection (c).		
6	(f) This SECTION applies only to personal property taxes first		
7	due and payable in 2002.		
8	(g) This SECTION expires January 1, 2003.		
9	SECTION 12. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a)		
10	IC 6-1.1-10-36.3 and IC 6-1.1-11-3, both as amended by this act,		
11	and the repeal of IC 6-1.1-10-36.5 by this act apply only to		
12	property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2002. The		
13	department of local government finance shall prescribe and make		
14	available forms to comply with IC 6-1.1-11-3, as amended by this		
15	act, as soon as practicable after the effective date of this SECTION.		
16	Notwithstanding IC 6-1.1-11-3, as amended by this act:		
17	(1) a taxpayer that:		
18	(A) qualifies for a one hundred percent (100%) property		
19	tax exemption under IC 6-1.1-10-36.3(b)(1); and		
20	(B) is exempt under IC 6-1.1-11-3.5 or IC 6-1.1-11-4 from		
21	filing a certified property tax exemption application in		
22	calendar year 2002;		
23	is not required by the amendment to IC 6-1.1-11-3 by this act		
24	to file an exemption application until required by		
25	IC 6-1.1-11-3.5 or IC 6-1.1-11-4; and		
26	(2) a taxpayer whose property tax exemption is changed by		
27	the amendment to IC 6-1.1-10-36.3 by this act, or the repeal		
28	of IC 6-1.1-10-36.5 has until September 1, 2002, to file a		
29	certified application under IC 6-1.1-11-3, as amended by this		
30	act, that correctly states the amount of the exemption.		
31	(b) IC 6-2.1-3-23, IC 6-3-1-3.5, IC 6-3-2-2.8, IC 6-3-2-3.1, and		
32	IC 6-5.5-2-7, all as amended by this act, apply only to taxable years		
33	beginning after December 31, 2003.		
34	(c) IC 6-2.5-5-25, as amended by this act, applies to retail		
35	transactions occurring after December 31, 2002. For purposes of		
36	IC 6-2.5-5-25, all transactions shall be considered as having		
37	occurred after December 31, 2002, to the extent that delivery of the		
38	property or services constituting selling at retail is made after that		
39	date to the purchaser or to the place of delivery designated by the		
40	purchaser. However, a transaction shall be considered as having		

occurred before January 1, 2003, to the extent that the agreement

of the parties to the transaction was entered into before January 1,



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1	2002 and manner for the manner or coming from the director	
1	2003, and payment for the property or services furnished in the	
2	transaction is made before January 1, 2003, notwithstanding the	
3	delivery of the property or services after December 31, 2002.	
4	(d) The department of local government finance may adopt	
5	temporary rules in the manner provided for the adoption of	
6	emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement	
7	IC 6-1.1-10-36.3 and IC 6-1.1-11-3, as amended by this act, and the	
8	repeal of IC 6-1.1-10-36.5 by this act. A temporary rule adopted	
9	under this subsection expires on the earliest of the following:	
10	(1) The date that another temporary rule adopted under this	
11	subsection supersedes the prior temporary rule.	
12	(2) The date that permanent rules adopted under IC 4-22-2	
13	supersede the temporary rule.	
14	(3) July 1, 2004.	
15	(e) The department of state revenue may adopt temporary rules	
16	in the manner provided for the adoption of emergency rules under	
17	IC 4-22-2-37.1 to implement IC 6-2.1-3-23, IC 6-3-1-3.5,	
18	IC 6-3-2-2.8, IC 6-3-2-3.1, and IC 6-5.5-2-7, all as amended by this	
19	act. A temporary rule adopted under this subsection expires on the	
20	earliest of the following:	
21	(1) The date that another temporary rule adopted under this	
22	subsection supersedes the prior temporary rule.	
23	(2) The date that permanent rules adopted under IC 4-22-2	
24	supersede the temporary rule.	
25	(3) July 1, 2004.	
26	SECTION 13. An emergency is declared for this act.	
20	obolion 13. An emergency is decided for this det	



#### COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1356, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Delete the title and insert the following:

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation and to make an appropriation.

Page 3, between lines 29 and 30, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-17-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2001, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) The officers of political subdivisions shall meet each year to fix the budget, tax rate, and tax levy of their respective subdivisions for the ensuing budget year as follows:

- (1) The fiscal body of a consolidated city and county, not later than the last meeting of the fiscal body in September.
- (2) The fiscal body of a second class city, not later than September 30.
- (3) The board of school trustees of a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000), one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000), not later than:
  - (A) the time required in section 5.6 (b) of this chapter; or
  - (B) September 20 if a resolution adopted under section 5.6(d) of this chapter is in effect.
- (4) The proper officers of all other political subdivisions, not later than September 20.

Except in a consolidated city and county and in a second class city, the public hearing required by section 3 of this chapter must be completed at least ten (10) days before the proper officers of the political subdivision meet to fix the budget, tax rate, and tax levy. In a consolidated city and county and in a second class city, that public hearing, by any committee or by the entire fiscal body, may be held at any time after introduction of the budget.

(b) Ten (10) or more taxpayers may object to a budget, tax rate, or tax levy of a political subdivision fixed under subsection (a) by filing an objection petition with the proper officers of the political subdivision not more than seven (7) days after the hearing. The objection petition must specifically identify the provisions of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy to which the taxpayers object.

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- (c) If a petition is filed under subsection (b), the fiscal body of the political subdivision shall adopt with its budget a finding concerning the objections in the petition and any testimony presented at the adoption hearing.
- (d) This subsection does not apply to a school corporation. Each year at least two (2) days before the first meeting of the county board of tax adjustment held under IC 6-1.1-29-4, a political subdivision shall file with the county auditor:
  - (1) a statement of the tax rate and levy fixed by the political subdivision for the ensuing budget year;
  - (2) two (2) copies of the budget adopted by the political subdivision for the ensuing budget year; and
- (3) two (2) copies of any findings adopted under subsection (c). Each year the county auditor shall present these items to the county board of tax adjustment at the board's first meeting.
- (e) In a consolidated city and county and in a second class city, the clerk of the fiscal body shall, notwithstanding subsection (d), file the adopted budget and tax ordinances with the county board of tax adjustment within two (2) days after the ordinances are signed by the executive, or within two (2) days after action is taken by the fiscal body to override a veto of the ordinances, whichever is later.

SECTION 5. IC 6-1.1-17-5.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.178-2001, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5.6. (a) This section applies only to a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000).

- (b) Before February 1 of each year, the officers of the school corporation shall meet to fix the budget for the school corporation for the ensuing budget year, with notice given by the same officers. However, if a resolution adopted under subsection (d) is in effect, the officers shall meet to fix the budget for the ensuing budget year before September 20.
- (c) Each year, at least two (2) days before the first meeting of the county board of tax adjustment held under IC 6-1.1-29-4, the school corporation shall file with the county auditor:
  - (1) a statement of the tax rate and tax levy fixed by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year;
  - (2) two (2) copies of the budget adopted by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year; and
  - (3) any written notification from the state board of tax









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commissioners department of local government finance under section 16(i) of this chapter that specifies a proposed revision, reduction, or increase in the budget adopted by the school corporation for the ensuing budget year.

Each year the county auditor shall present these items to the county board of tax adjustment at the board's first meeting.

- (d) The governing body of the school corporation may adopt a resolution to cease using a school year budget year and return to using a calendar year budget year. A resolution adopted under this subsection must be adopted after January 1 and before July 1. The school corporation's initial calendar year budget year following the adoption of a resolution under this subsection begins on January 1 of the year following the year the resolution is adopted. The first six (6) months of the initial calendar year budget for the school corporation must be consistent with the last six (6) months of the final school year budget fixed by the department of local government finance before the adoption of a resolution under this subsection.
- (e) A resolution adopted under subsection (d) may be rescinded by a subsequent resolution adopted by the governing body. If the governing body of the school corporation rescinds a resolution adopted under subsection (d) and returns to a school year budget year, the school corporation's initial school year budget year begins on July 1 following the adoption of the rescinding resolution and ends on June 30 of the following year. The first six (6) months of the initial school year budget for the school corporation must be consistent with the last six (6) months of the last calendar year budget fixed by the department of local government finance before the adoption of a rescinding resolution under this subsection."

Page 11, between lines 38 and 39, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 13. IC 6-8.1-9-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14. (a) The department shall establish, administer, and make available a centralized debt collection program for use by state agencies to collect delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness owed to or being collected by state agencies. The department's collection facilities shall be available for use by other state agencies only when resources are available to the department.

(b) The commissioner shall prescribe the appropriate form and manner in which collection information is to be submitted to the department.

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- (c) The debt must be delinquent and not subject to litigation, claim, appeal, or review pursuant to the appropriate remedies of a state agency.
- (d) The department has the authority to collect for the state or claimant agency (as defined in IC 6-8.1-9.5-1) delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness due the state or claimant agency that has a formal agreement with the department for central debt collection.
- (e) The formal agreement shall provide that the information provided to the department be sufficient to establish the obligation in court and to render the agreement as a legal judgment on behalf of the state. After transferring a file for collection to the department for collection, the claimant agency shall terminate all collection procedures and be available to provide assistance to the department. Upon receipt of a file for collection, the department shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws governing collection of the debt.
- (f) The department may use a claimant agency's statutory authority to collect the claimant agency's delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness owed to the claimant agency.
- (g) The department's right to credit against taxes due shall not be impaired by any right granted the department or other state agency under this section.
- (h) The department of revenue may charge the claimant agency a fee not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of any funds the department collects for a claimant agency. Notwithstanding any law concerning delinquent accounts, charges, fees, loans, taxes, or other indebtedness, the fifteen percent (15%) fee shall be added to the amount due to the state or claimant agency when the collection is made.
- (i) Fees collected under subsection (h) shall be retained by the department after the debt is collected for the claimant agency and are appropriated to the department for use by the department in administering this section.
- (j) The department shall transfer any funds collected from a debtor to the claimant agency within thirty (30) days after the end of the month in which the funds were collected.
- (k) When a claimant agency requests collection by the department, the claimant agency shall provide the department with:
  - (1) the full name;











- (2) the Social Security number or federal identification number, or both;
- (3) the last known mailing address; and
- (4) additional information that the department may request; concerning the debtor.
- (1) The department shall establish a minimum amount that the department will attempt to collect for the claimant agency.
- (m) The commissioner shall report, not later than March 1 for the previous calendar year, to the governor, the budget director, and the legislative council concerning the implementation of the centralized debt collection program, the number of debts, the dollar amounts of debts collected, and an estimate of the future costs and benefits that may be associated with the collection program.

SECTION 14. IC 21-2-11.5-3.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2001, SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3.1. (a) This subsection does not apply to a school corporation located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000), unless a resolution adopted under IC 6-1.1-17-5.6(d) by the governing body of the school corporation is in effect. Before a governing body may collect property taxes for the school bus replacement fund in a particular calendar year, the governing body must, after January 1 and not later than September 20 of the immediately preceding year:

- (1) conduct a public hearing on; and
- (2) pass a resolution to adopt;
- a plan under this section.
- (b) This subsection applies only to a school corporation located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000): one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000). However, this subsection does not apply to the school corporation if a resolution adopted under IC 6-1.1-17-5.6(d) by the governing body of the school corporation is in effect. Before the governing body of the school corporation may collect property taxes for the school transportation fund's school bus replacement account in a particular calendar year, the governing body must, after January 1 and on or before February 1 of the immediately preceding year:
  - (1) conduct a public hearing on; and
  - (2) pass a resolution to adopt;

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a plan under this section.

- (c) The state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance shall prescribe the format of the plan. A plan must apply to at least the ten (10) budget years immediately following the year the plan is adopted. A plan must at least include the following:
  - (1) An estimate for each year to which it applies of the nature and amount of proposed expenditures from the transportation fund's school bus replacement fund.
  - (2) A presumption that the minimum useful life of a school bus is not less than ten (10) years.
  - (3) An identification of:
    - (A) the source of all revenue to be dedicated to the proposed expenditures in the upcoming budget year; and
    - (B) the amount of property taxes to be collected in that year and the unexpended balance to be retained in the fund for expenditures proposed for a later year.
  - (4) If the school corporation is seeking to:
    - (A) acquire; or
  - (B) contract for transportation services that will provide; additional school buses or school buses with a larger seating capacity as compared to the number and type of school buses from the prior school year, evidence of a demand for increased transportation services within the school corporation. Clause (B) does not apply if contracted transportation services are not paid from the school bus replacement fund.
  - (5) If the school corporation is seeking to:
    - (A) replace an existing school bus earlier than ten (10) years after the existing school bus was originally acquired; or
  - (B) require a contractor to replace a school bus; evidence that the need exists for the replacement of the school bus. Clause (B) does not apply if contracted transportation services are not paid from the school bus replacement fund.
  - (6) Evidence that the school corporation that seeks to acquire additional school buses under this section is acquiring or contracting for the school buses only for the purposes specified in subdivision (4) or for replacement purposes.
- (d) After reviewing the plan, the state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance shall certify its approval, disapproval, or modification of the plan to the governing body and the auditor of the county. The state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance may seek the recommendation of the school property tax control board with respect

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to this determination. The action of the state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance with respect to the plan is final.

- (e) The state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance may approve appropriations from the transportation fund's school bus replacement fund only if the appropriations conform to a plan that has been adopted in compliance with this section.
- (f) A governing body may amend a plan adopted under this section. When an amendment to a plan is required, the governing body must declare the nature of and the need for the amendment and must show cause as to why the original plan no longer meets the transportation needs of the school corporation. The governing body must then conduct a public hearing on and pass a resolution to adopt the amendment to the plan. The plan, as proposed to be amended, must comply with the requirements for a plan under subsection (c). This amendment to the plan is not subject to the deadlines for adoption described in subsection (a) or (b). However, the amendment to the plan must be submitted to the state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance for its consideration and is subject to approval, disapproval, or modification in accordance with the procedures for adopting a plan set forth in this section.
- (g) If a public hearing is scheduled under this section, the governing body shall publish a notice of the public hearing and the proposed plan or amendment to the plan in accordance with IC 5-3-1-2(b).

SECTION 15. IC 21-2-15-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2001, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not apply to a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000): one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000), unless a resolution adopted under IC 6-1.1-17-5.6(d) by the governing body of the school corporation is in effect. Before a governing body may collect property taxes for a capital projects fund in a particular year, the governing body must, after January 1 and not later than September 20 of the immediately preceding year, hold a public hearing on a proposed plan and then pass a resolution to adopt a plan.

(b) This subsection applies only to a school corporation that is located in a city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty

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C o p thousand (120,000). However, this subsection does not apply to the school corporation if a resolution adopted under IC 6-1.1-17-5.6(d) by the governing body of the school corporation is in effect. Before the governing body of the school corporation may collect property taxes for a capital projects fund in a particular year, the governing body must, after January 1 and on or before February 1 of the immediately preceding year, hold a public hearing on a proposed plan and then pass a resolution to adopt a plan.

- (c) The state board of tax commissioners department of local government finance shall prescribe the format of the plan. A plan must apply to at least the three (3) years immediately following the year the plan is adopted. A plan must estimate for each year to which it applies the nature and amount of proposed expenditures from the capital projects fund. A plan must estimate:
  - (1) the source of all revenue to be dedicated to the proposed expenditures in the upcoming calendar year; and
  - (2) the amount of property taxes to be collected in that year and retained in the fund for expenditures proposed for a later year.
- (d) If a hearing is scheduled under subsection (a) or (b), the governing body shall publish the proposed plan and a notice of the hearing in accordance with IC 5-3-1-2(b).

SECTION 16. IC 36-7-26-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001, SECTION 200, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2002 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 1. This chapter applies to the following:

- (1) A city having a population of more than seventy-five thousand (75,000) but less than ninety thousand (90,000).
- (2) A city having a population of more than ninety thousand (90,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000). one hundred five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000).
- (3) A city having a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand (150,000) but less than five hundred thousand (500,000).
- (4) A city having a population of more than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) but less than one hundred fifty thousand (150,000).

SECTION 17. IC 36-7-26-23, AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001, SECTION 202, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2002 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 23. (a) Before the first business day in October of each year, the board shall require the department to calculate the net increment for the preceding state

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fiscal year. The department shall transmit to the board a statement as to the net increment in sufficient time to permit the board to review the calculation and permit the transfers required by this section to be made on a timely basis.

- (b) There is established a sales tax increment financing fund to be administered by the treasurer of state. The fund is comprised of two (2) accounts called the net increment account and the credit account.
- (c) On the first business day in October of each year, that portion of the net increment calculated under subsection (a) that is needed:
  - (1) to pay debt service on the bonds issued under section 24 of this chapter or to pay lease rentals under section 24 of this chapter; and
  - (2) to establish and maintain a debt service reserve established by the commission or by a lessor that provides local public improvements to the commission;

shall be transferred to and deposited in the fund and credited to the net increment account. Money credited to the net increment account is pledged to the purposes described in subdivisions (1) and (2), subject to the other provisions of this chapter.

- (d) On the first business day of October in each year, the remainder of:
  - (1) eighty percent (80%) of the gross increment; minus
  - (2) the amount credited to the net increment account on the same date:

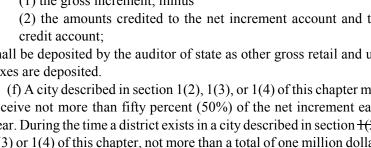
shall be transferred and credited to the credit account.

- (e) The remainder of:
  - (1) the gross increment; minus
  - (2) the amounts credited to the net increment account and the

shall be deposited by the auditor of state as other gross retail and use taxes are deposited.

- (f) A city described in section 1(2), 1(3), or 1(4) of this chapter may receive not more than fifty percent (50%) of the net increment each year. During the time a district exists in a city described in section  $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1(3) or 1(4) of this chapter, not more than a total of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of net increment may be paid to the city described in section  $\frac{1(2)}{1(3)}$ , 1(3) or 1(4) of this chapter. During each year that a district exists in a city described in section 1(2) of this chapter, not more than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of net increment may be paid to the city described in section 1(2) of this chapter.
- (g) The auditor of state shall disburse all money in the fund that is credited to the net increment account to the commission in equal

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semiannual installments on November 30 and May 31 of each year.

SECTION 18. IC 36-7-26-24, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2001, SECTION 9, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001, SECTION 203, IS AMENDED AND CORRECTED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2002 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 24. (a) The commission may issue bonds, payable in whole or in part, from money distributed from the fund to the commission, to finance a local public improvement under IC 36-7-14-25.1 or may make lease rental payments for a local public improvement under IC 36-7-14-25.2 and IC 36-7-14-25.3. The term of any bonds issued under this section may not exceed twenty (20) years, nor may the term of any lease agreement entered into under this section exceed twenty (20) years. The commission shall transmit to the board a transcript of the proceedings with respect to the issuance of the bonds or the execution and delivery of a lease agreement as contemplated by this section. The transcript must include a debt service or lease rental schedule setting forth all payments required in connection with the bonds or the lease rentals.

- (b) On January 15 of each year, the commission shall remit to the treasurer of state the money disbursed from the fund that is credited to the net increment account that exceeds the amount needed to pay debt service or lease rentals and to establish and maintain a debt service reserve under this chapter in the prior year and before May 31 of that year. Amounts remitted under this subsection shall be deposited by the auditor of state as other gross retail and use taxes are deposited.
- (c) The commission in a city described in section 1(2) of this chapter may *only* distribute money from the fund *only* for **the following:** 
  - (1) Road, interchange, and right-of-way improvements. and for
  - **(2) Acquisition costs of a commercial retail facility and for** real property acquisition costs in furtherance of the road, interchange, and right-of-way improvements.
  - (3) Demolition of commercial property and any related expenses incurred before or after the demolition of the commercial property.
  - (4) For physical improvements or alterations of property that enhance the commercial viability of the district.
- (d) The commission in a city described in section 1(3) of this chapter may distribute money from the fund only for the following purposes:
  - (1) For road, interchange, and right-of-way improvements and for real property acquisition costs in furtherance of the road, interchange, and right-of-way improvements.

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- (2) For the demolition of commercial property and any related expenses incurred before or after the demolition of the commercial property.
- (e) The commission in a city described in section 1(4) of this chapter may distribute money from the fund only for the following purposes:
  - (1) For:
    - (A) the acquisition, demolition, and renovation of property; and
  - (B) site preparation and financing; related to the development of housing in the district.
  - (2) For physical improvements or alterations of property that enhance the commercial viability of the district.".

Page 11, between lines 40 and 41, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 20. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2001 (RETROACTIVE)] (a) This SECTION applies notwithstanding:

- (1) IC 6-1.1-3-7.5;
- (2) IC 6-1.1-10-31.1;
- (3) IC 6-1.1-11;
- (4) 50 IAC 4.2-12-1;
- (5) 50 IAC 16-3-2; and
- (6) 50 IAC 16-4-1.
- (b) For purposes of this SECTION, "taxpayer" means a taxpayer that filed a personal property tax return under IC 6-1.1-3 for the March 1, 2001, assessment date:
  - (1) in a township having a population of more than ninety-three thousand (93,000) but less than one hundred ten thousand (110,000) located in a county containing a consolidated city; and
  - (2) on which the taxpayer reported a total assessed value of personal property of more than fifty-five million dollars (\$55,000,000) and less than fifty-six million dollars (\$56,000,000).
- (c) A taxpayer may before January 1, 2003, file an amended personal property tax return for the March 1, 2001, assessment date.
- (d) With respect to an amended personal property tax return filed under subsection (c), a taxpayer is entitled to an exemption of tangible personal property under IC 6-1.1-10-29, IC 6-1.1-10-29.3, and IC 6-1.1-10-30 based on:
  - (1) the total cost of inventory reported on Schedule B of the Form 103 filed as part of the amended personal property tax

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return; and

- (2) the ratio reported on the Form 103W filed as a part of the taxpayer's return referred to in subsection (b).
- (e) A taxpayer shall pay taxes first due and payable in 2002 based on the assessed value of personal property reported in the amended personal property tax return filed under subsection (c).
- (f) This SECTION applies only to personal property taxes first due and payable in 2002.
  - (g) This SECTION expires January 1, 2003.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1356 as introduced.)

BAUER, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 20, nays 2.

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## HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1356 be recommitted to a Committee of One, its author, with specific instructions to amend as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 1 through 17.

Delete page 2.

Page 3, delete lines 1 through 29.

Page 6, delete lines 8 through 40.

Page 9, delete lines 26 through 42.

Delete pages 10 through 13.

Page 14, delete lines 1 through 16.

Page 21, delete line 42.

Page 22, delete line 1.

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1356 as printed January 30, 2002.)

**BAUER** 

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## COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee of One, to which was referred House Bill 1356, begs leave to report that said bill has been amended as directed.

**BAUER** 

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